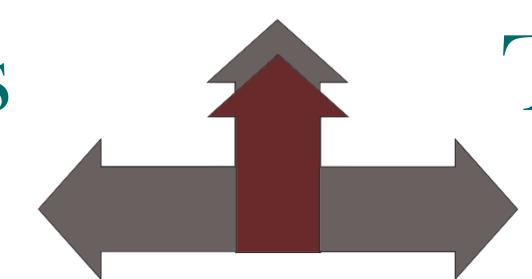
River that Flows

Fall 2021



Primarily represented through the partial re-routing of

Route 9 to Washington street, activating the waterfront also

consists of social programming and employment opportu-

nities surrounding the maintenance and functionality of the

waterfront parks. Those involved would gain relevant skills

related to their job and the promotion of bike accessibility

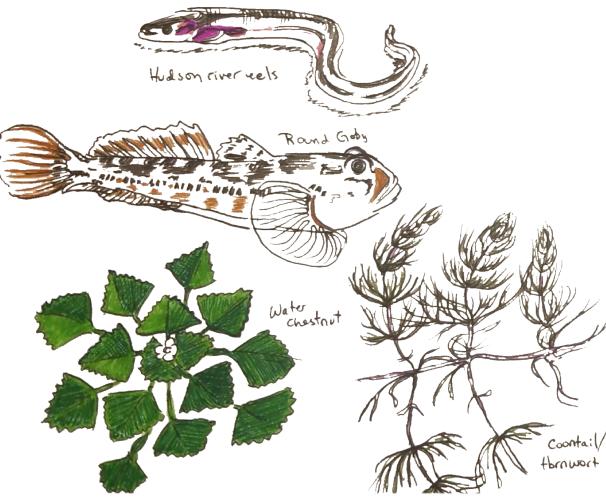
and walkability will give a business/tourism boost in the area

Three Ways

By Lauren Cruvellier

Observation

A series of programs and naturalization interventions designed to raise awareness of the situation of the Hudson River as well as its non-human inhabitants. Primarily focused around Fall Kill Estuary and Waryas Park, other interventions will soften human impacts on the waterfront through floating marshes, enhanced habitat in a way that also allows for human appreciation.



Part of this effort will be regular clearance and mainenance of the water-

such as providing facilities to register fish caught in the Hudson. A bounty system set up for catching invasive species (example of exchange on the

income without harming themselves or the local ecology.

A community center/nature center next to the Children's Museum in Waryas

Park would allow monitoring activities to take place as well as a gathering place to

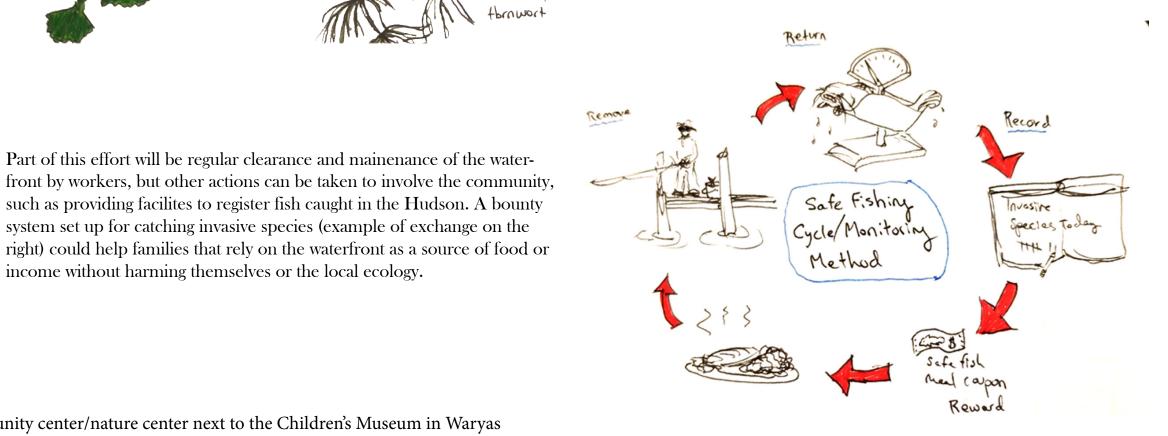
promote learning about the natural environment that would hopefully return to

the Poughkeepsie waterfront through collective efforts. Bird-friendly large windows would allow visitors to appreciate the Hudson waterfront in a way not seen

in the area before.

One of the largest efforts towards proper observation and awareness of the Poughkeepsie waterfront is the identification and clearance of many types of invasive species in the area and replacement with native species (represented on the left by the goby and water chestnut--invasive--and the river eel

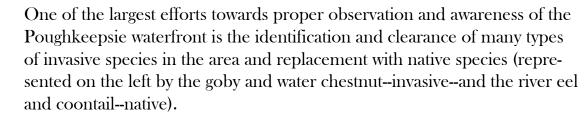




Facilitating transportation via new, designated bike routes would open up the waterfront not only to recreation, but also for employment opportunities. The nature center would require many forms of maintenance or monitoring of the changing waterfront, as well as construction/repairs of the boardwalks and trails. These jobs could help those lacking in other, more conventional job skills to learn a craft or skill while also helping the community and their families. Necessary training would be provided, so there would be no minimum requirements for education level; only a willingness to learn. Just because Poughkeepsie would have a more naturalized waterfront does not mean that it must stop being a 'working' waterfront.



The new boardwalks and pedestrian paths would aim to be as public-friendly and as accommodating as possible, but for those who may not be able



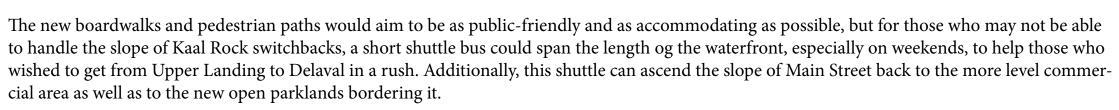


for the city to take advantage of.

Activation

The work just needs to change.



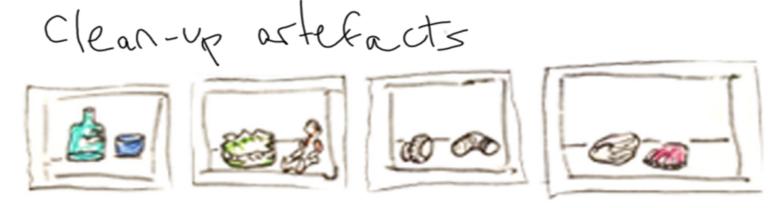


Celebration

For such a heavily developed waterfront, the history of its use and the residents living in the city cannot be over-empasized. Opportunities for seasonal activities as well as space for festivals, musical events, and waterfront activities will be available throughout the year, with a highlight on the existing Oaxacan Guelaguetza. Along with the newly available sports facilities, the opportunity for public recreational activities and motivations to be along the water will be higher than ever



Programming of the Poughkeepsie waterfromt plays an important part in activating the site and keeping it interesting for locals as well as making it a destination for visitors. The Farmer's Market that was held in the pavillion during the pandemic is a step in the right direction, providing not only a desirable area to visit but also a practical reason to go there. The pavilion would be one of the structures that would be kept in situ on the waterfront, although raising it higher to survive the incoming tides would be necessary to allow it to continue functioning properly.

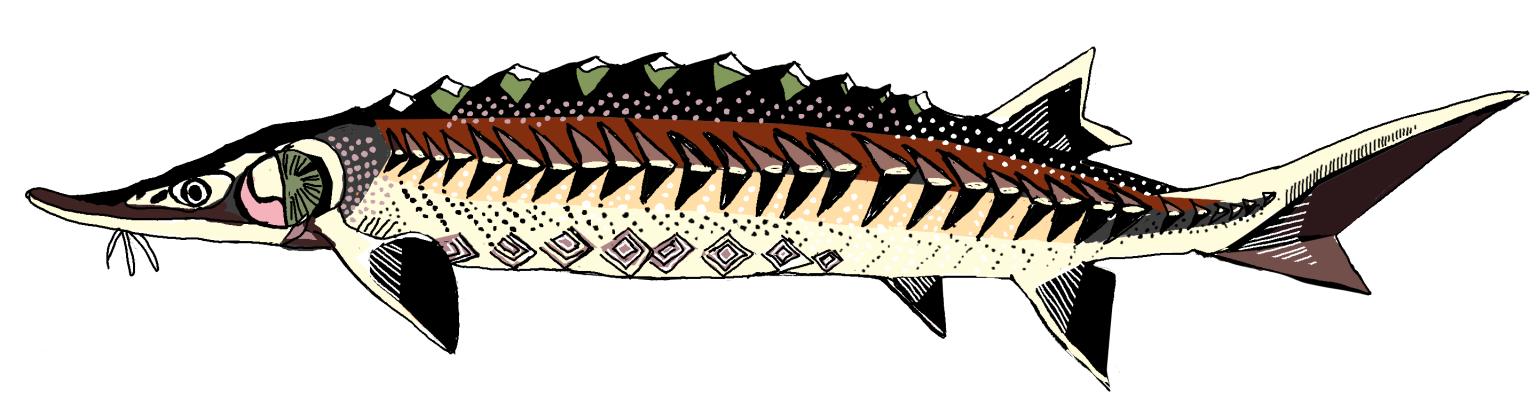


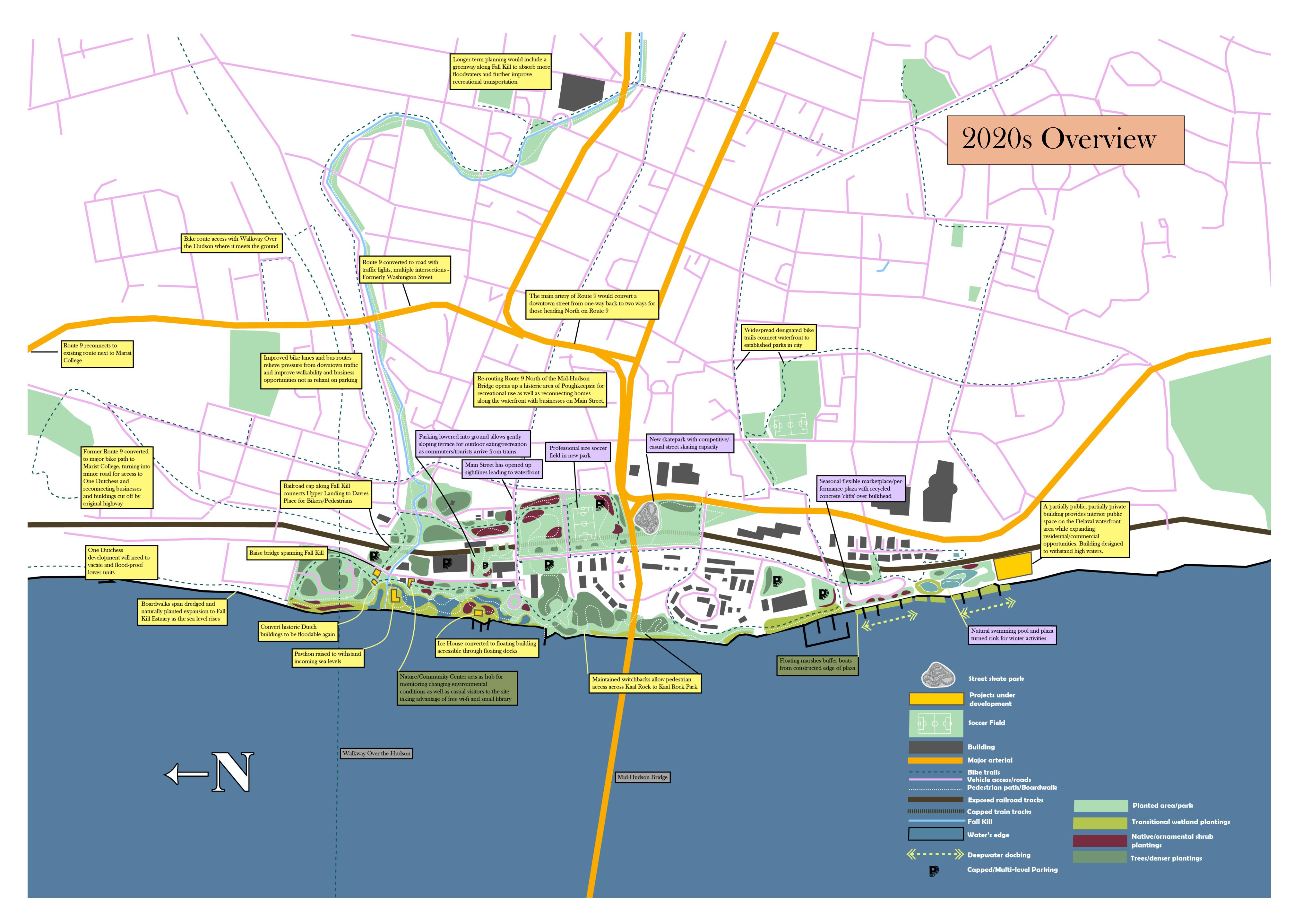
While often overlooked, a fascinating part of the Hudson River is its long history of occupation, from well before European settlers came into the area. A small part of the Community Center would have a dedicated artefact area with some of the most interesting/ significant finds, both archaeological as well as scrounged on the beach, as well as information about the natural and industrial development of the area.





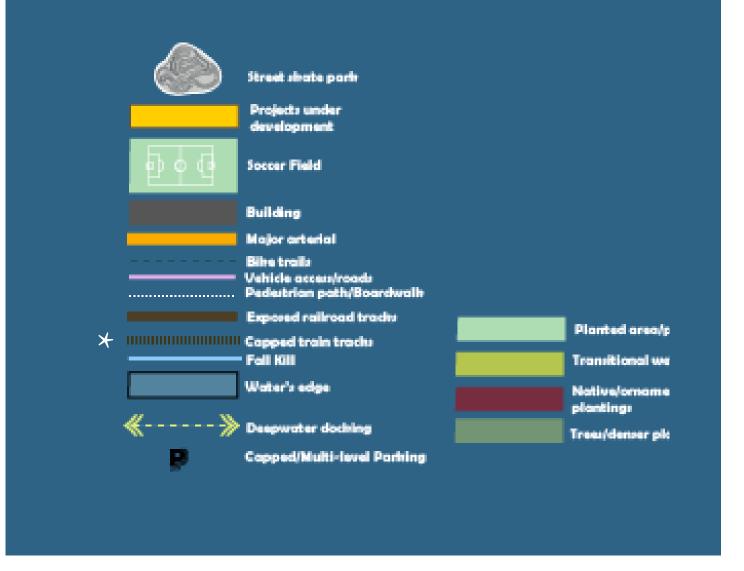
Engaging local artists from various cultural backgrounds will play a large part in celebrating the waterfront of Poughkeepsie. THere are many blank walls and empty pavement where renderings of Poughkeepsie's natural and cultural heritage could engage with people moving around the space.







2050s Waterfront Changes



Railroad caps, with the exception of the Fall Kill cap, would start from the Main Street overpass and continue South in phases. The area with the most potentual to be opened up again is North of the Mid-Hudson Bridge, where Route 9 gets re-routed. Further South, many industrial/exclusive residential complexes make bridging the gap less significant for

2080s Waterfront Changes







Fall Kill Estuary Natural Park

(currently Waryas/Upper Landing Park)



(left), all-natural materials would be used (such as Robinia pseudoacacia) and the lowest boardwalks would be built in anticipation of the fact that they will be covered by the rising sea level in the future. Therefore, not only are they a temporary structure beneficial to humans, but also an important wildlife sanctuary. The regular planting of native species in the wetlands will

help as the area transitions to a more natural, pre-fill state. Plants native to the area but less commonly seen, such as Spatterdock (below) represent a beautiful side of natural plantings that is often overlooked in conventional parks. An appropriate and functional planting plan, beautiful in all seasons, would go a long way in allowing residents and tourists to appreciate the Poughkeepsie waterfront anew.

The area of Waryas Park that would be returned to a wetland would displace the more conventional parkland to exist on a higher level, above the current park and bridging (both literally and metaphoerically) the gap between the city and the waterfront.

Fall Kill Estuary Native Plantings

Freshwater Tidal Marsh

Heteranthera reniformis Iris versicolor

Leersia oryzoides Nuphar advena

Polygonum hydropiperoides

Sagittaria subulata

Scirpus americanus/Schoenoplectus americanus

Peltandra virginica S+

Pontederia cordata S+

Sagittaria latifolia S+

Impatiens capensis S+ Typha angustifolia S+

Zizania aquatica S+

Additions as salinity increases -> Brackish Tidal Marsh

Hibiscus moscheutos

Bolboschoenus fluviatilis

Bolboschoenus novae-angliae

Bolboschoenus robustus

Solidago sempervirens Nuphar advena ssp.

Peltandra virginica

Pilea sp.

Schoenoplastus americanus

S. Tabernaemontani

Thelypteris palustrus var. pubesens

Freshwater Mudflats

Heteranthera reniformis

Orontium aquaticum Sagittaria graminae

Sagittaria rigida

Sagittaria monteridensis ssp. Spongiosa S+

Sagittaria subulate S+

Additions as salinity increases -> Brackish Mudflats

Scirpus americana

Filamentous algae

Ceratophyllum demarsum

Green algae

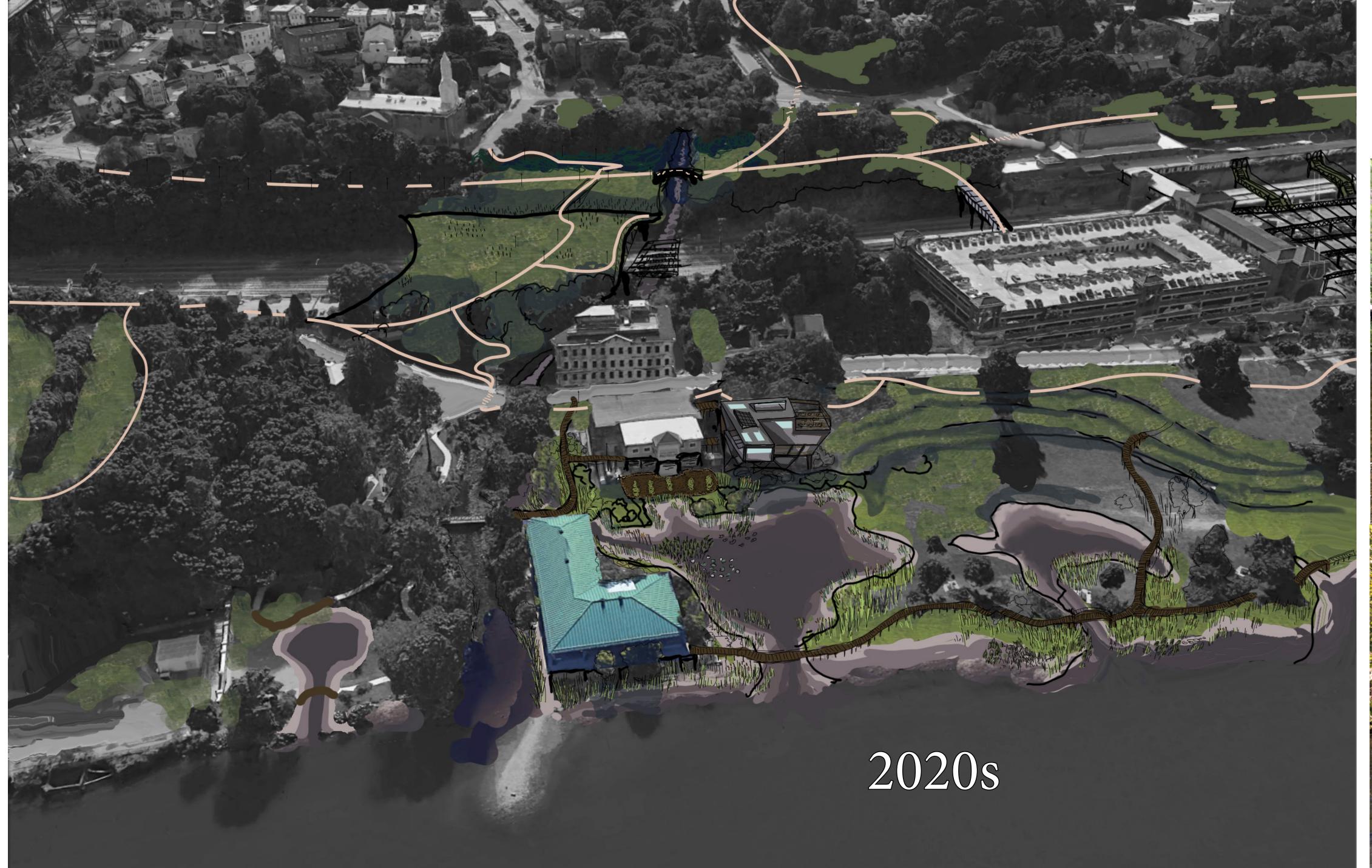
Limosella australis

Potemogeton crispus

Vallsinaria americana

Zannichellia palustris

The creation of freshwater tidal marshes and a larger estuary system at Waryas park would be a boon for birds reliant on this habitat that are native to the area, such as the Least Bittern (right) or Green Heron (seen in Fall Kill tidal area before).

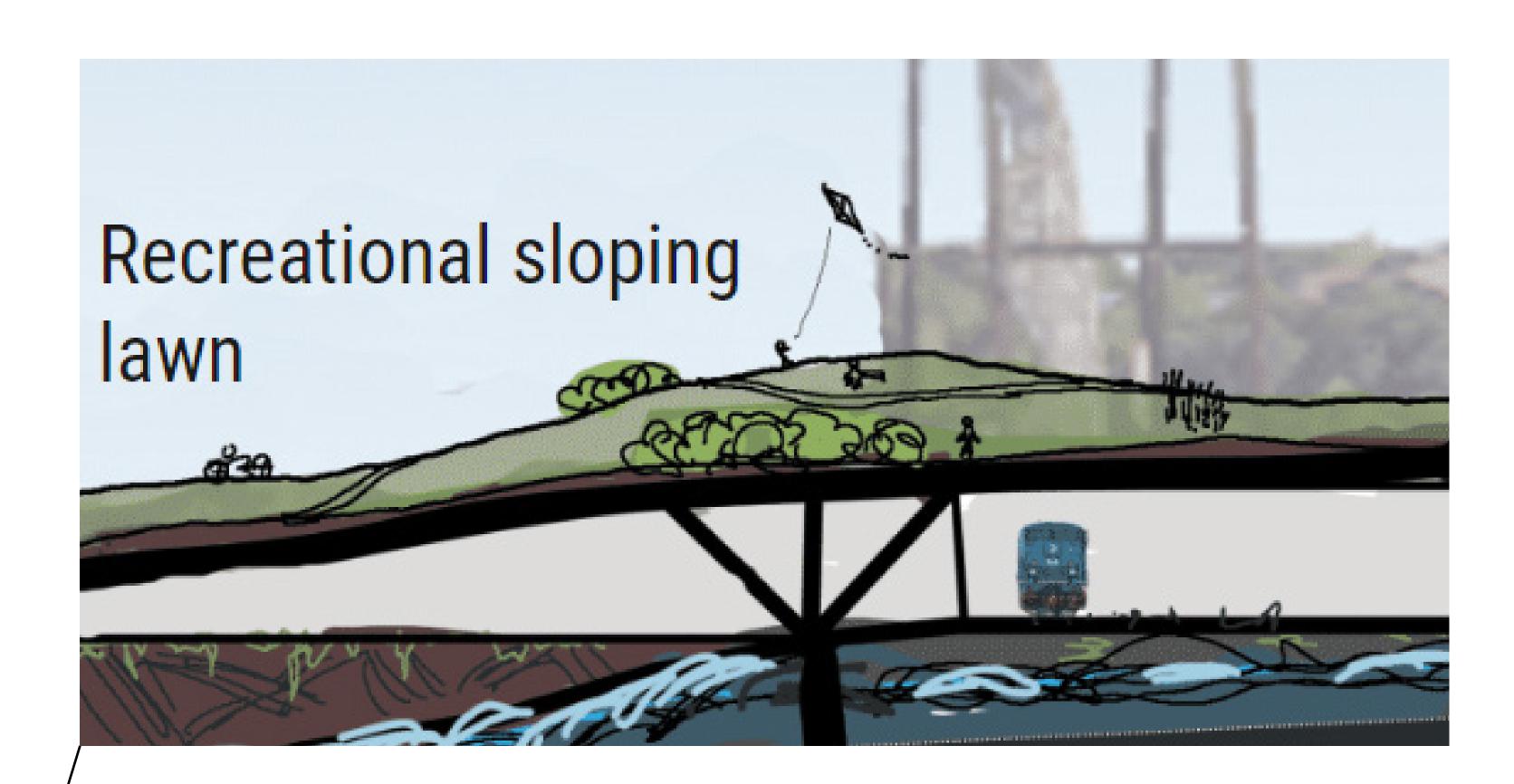




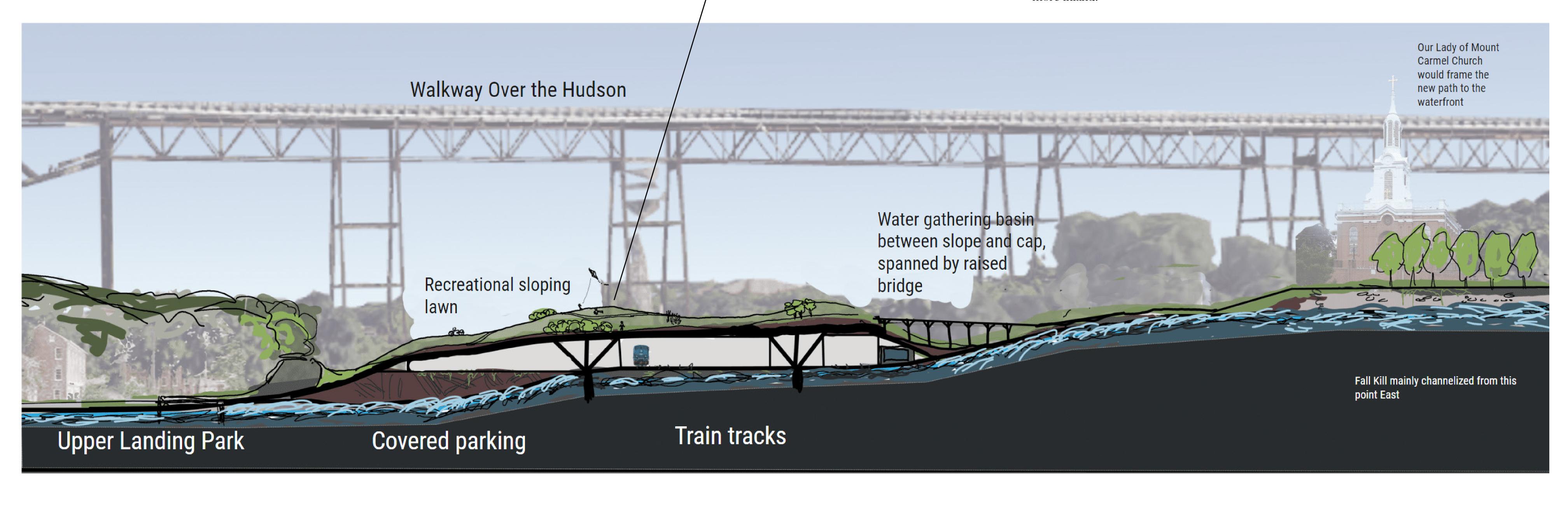
Fall Kill Cap

(Bridges Upper Landing Park to Mill Street as well as new bike lane in place of Route 9)

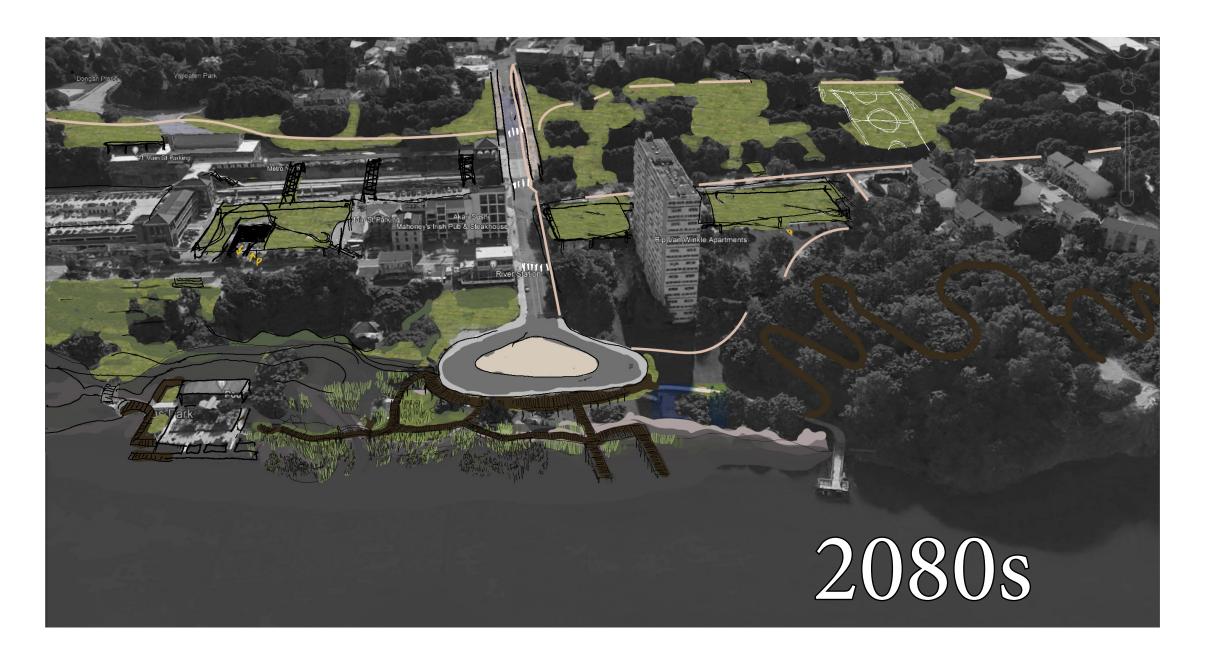
An important aspect of engaging the waterfront would be the accessibility through the 'caps' over the sunken railway, combined with the rerouting of part of Route 9. These two features would mean that there is no more physical barrier to people walking to and from the waterfront from downtown Poughkeepsie, and opens up many new recreational options. The section below shows a cut along the re-exposed Fall Kill facing North. Notice how trains can concinue uninterrupted as activities happen on top. This also opens up a way for bikers/pedestrians to head to the base of Walkway Over the Hudson in the case of the elevators not working(!).

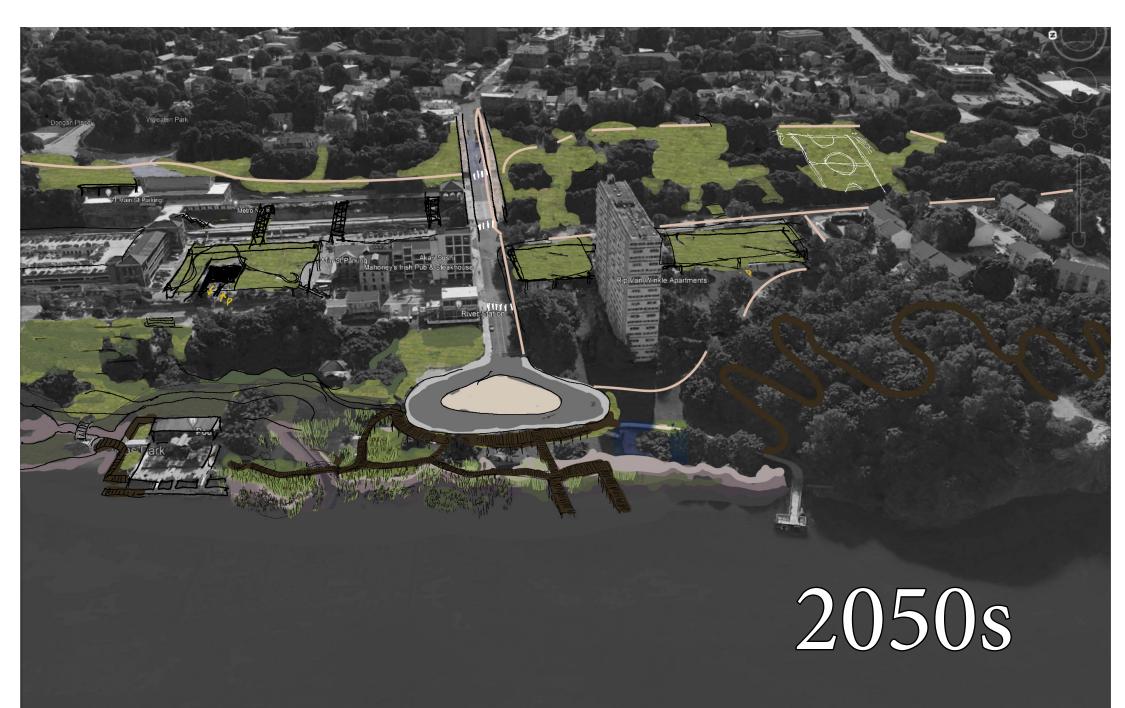


The Fall Kill Cap would allow bikers or those renting bikes to easily cross from the Upper Landing area or nearby One Dutchess to get to the Falls, or other parks more inland.





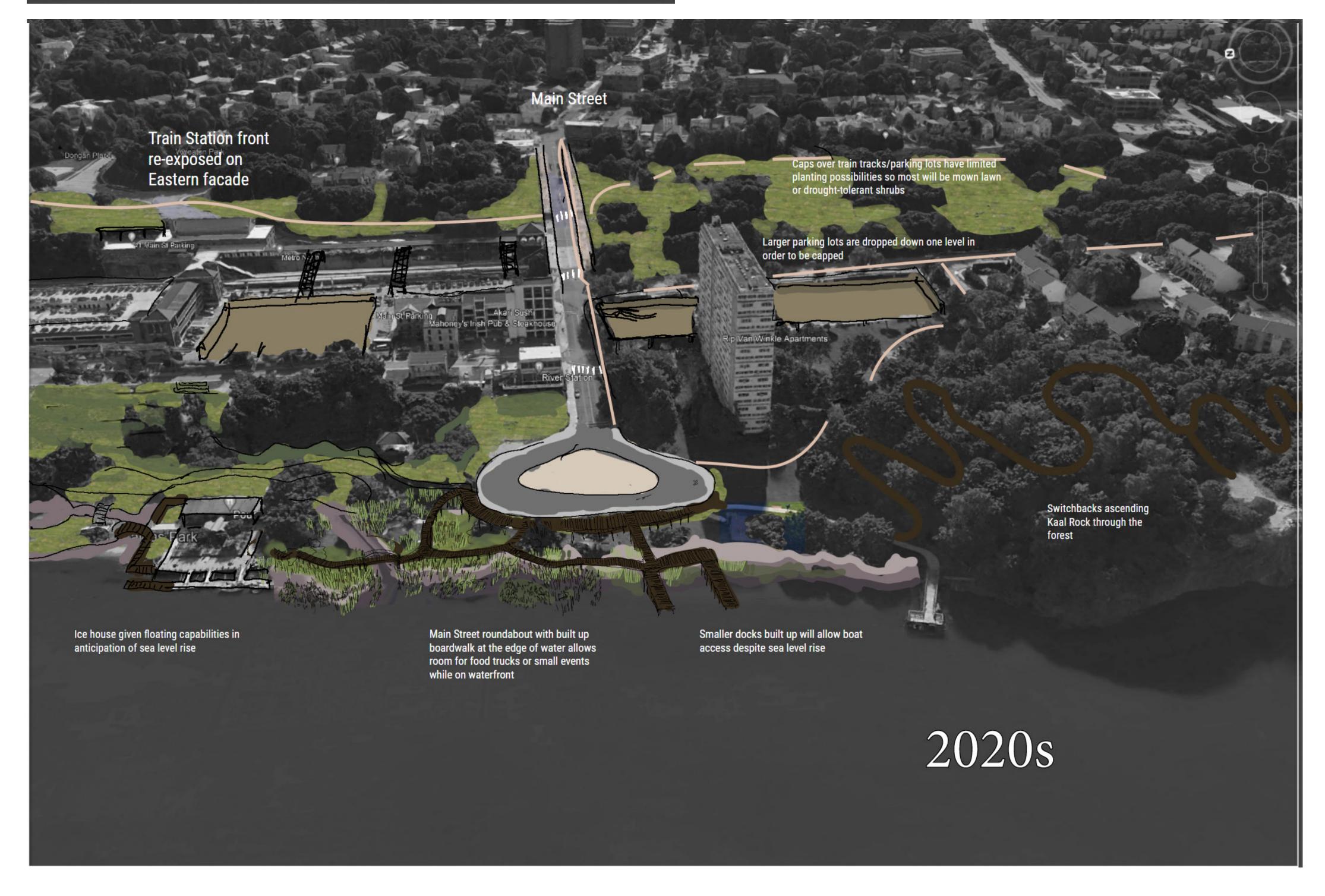






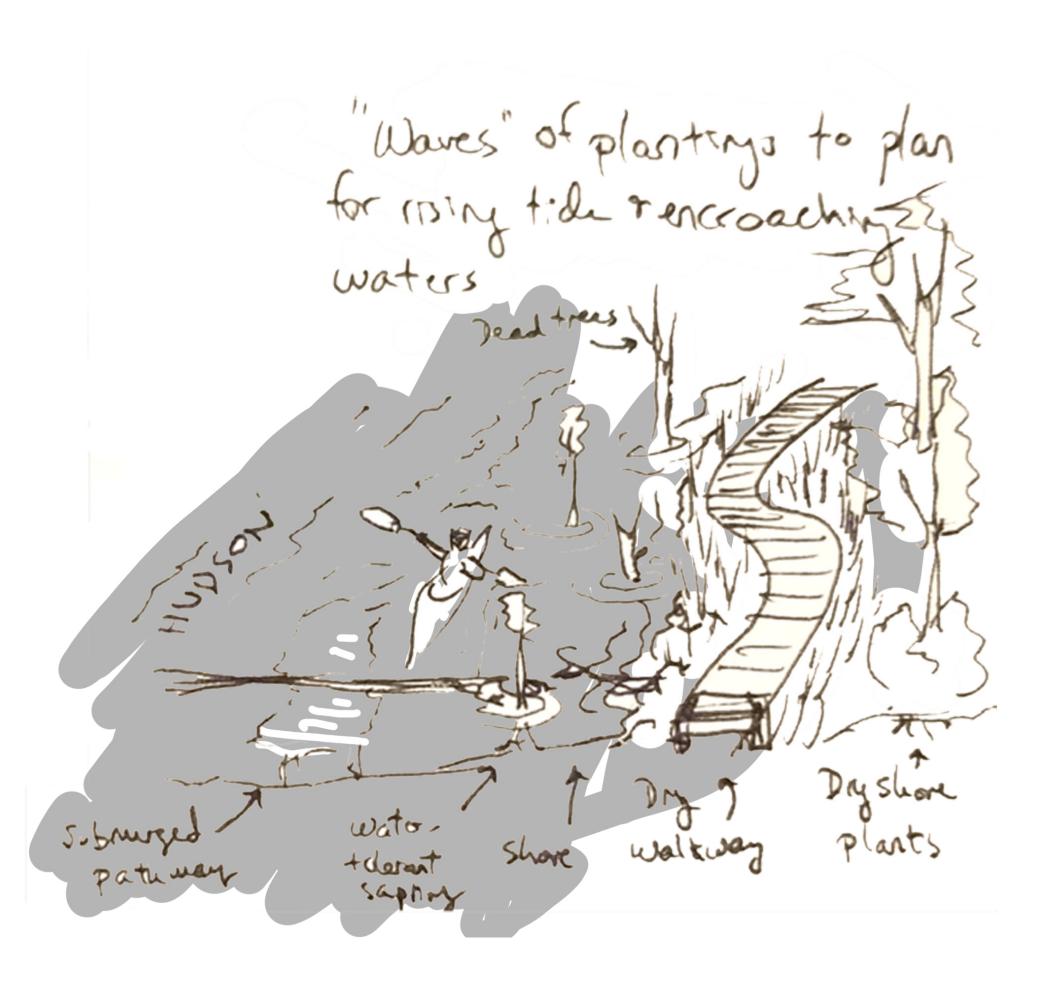
Main Street Green and Waterfront Plaza

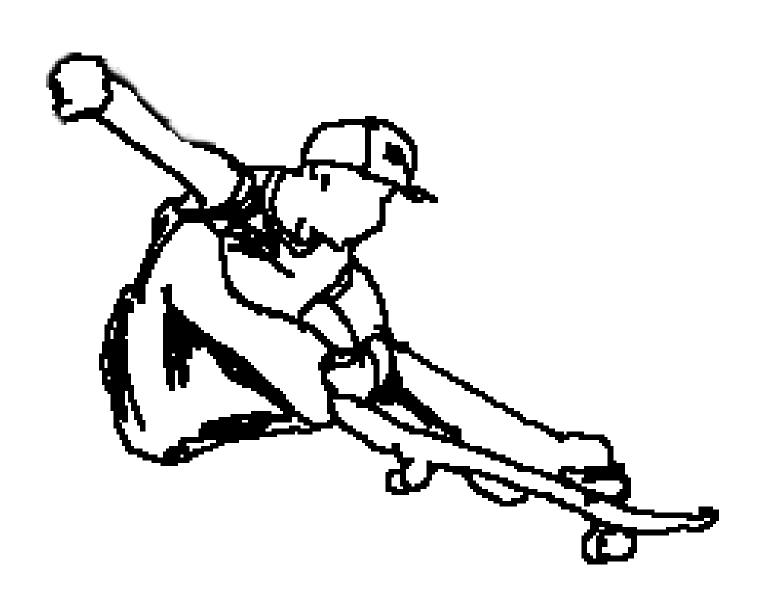
An example of a switchback through the woods at Kaal Rock. The plantings around the boardwalk would help diversify existing ecology as well as leaving the cliff face exposed to the water. Areas of the ground that are too steep would be built out as raised walkways to help ease the slope as much as possible, while also providing an informal overlook to the surroundings.



As the sea level rises and encroaches on the Main Street turnaround, activities such as canoeing and kayaking will become the main activities in the area.

The new docks would allow for visitors from the water, as well as an area to tether the Ice House when it begins to float, all while allowing regular pedestrians access.





New skate park next to Mid-Hudson Bridge near

new cap. Larger, better facilities allow spectators

for competitive AND casual street skating, putting

this place on the map for large-scale skating events

Several popular sports would take a new and central stage in downtown Poughkeepsie, increasing the capacity to host larger competitive or recreational events both within the city and in the larger region.

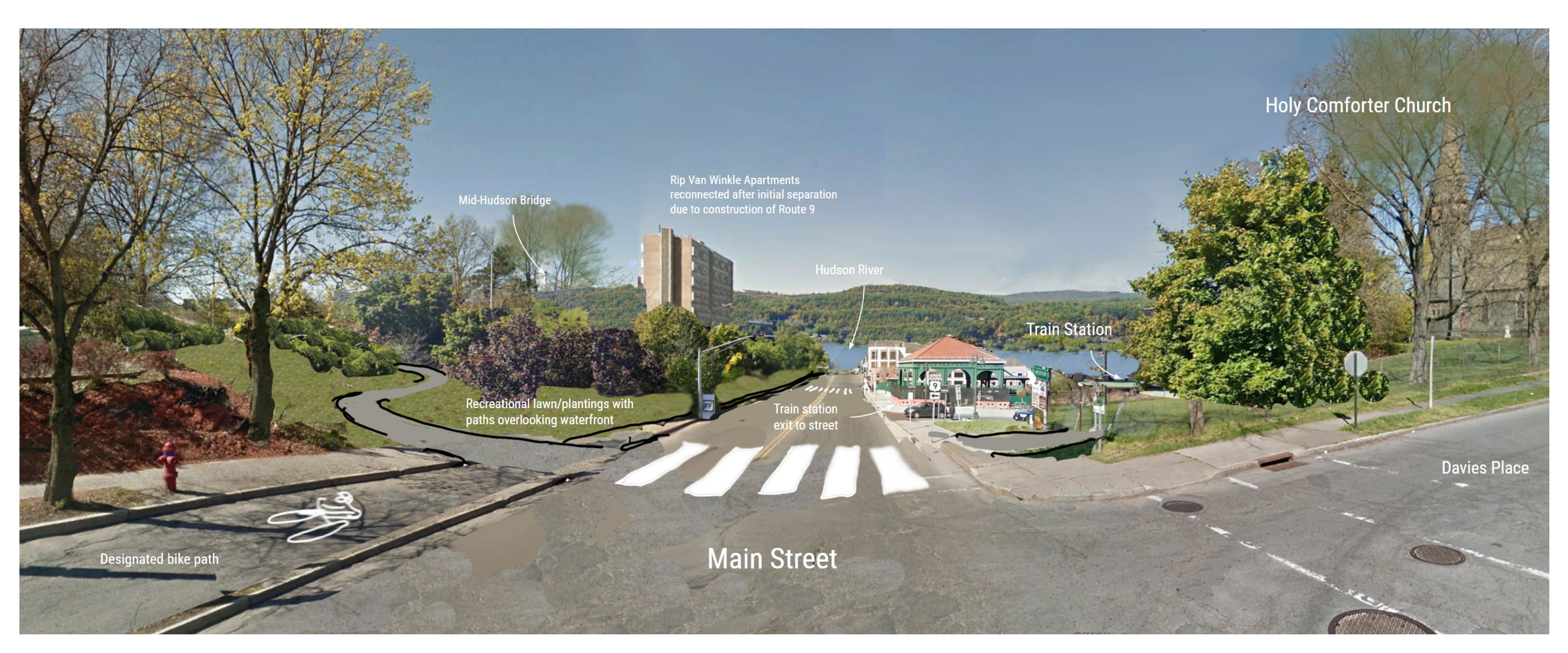
Casual bike borrowing services would compliment the designated bike paths to facilitate those going to and from the waterfront, as well as for tourists who may have casually taken the train into town. (right)

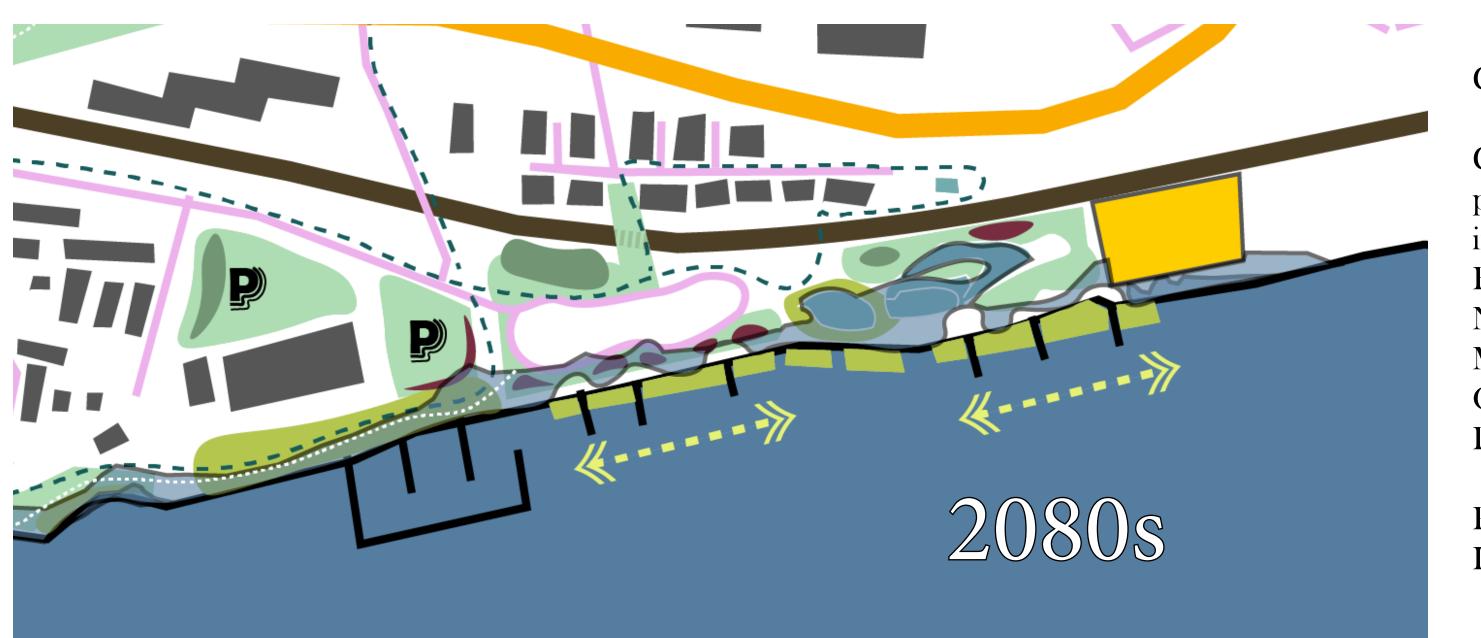


View West from Main Street with Route 9 removed

A professional-sized soccer field would be placed in the area where Route 9 formerly was. Stadium seating would allow for games to be easily accessible to people from Main Street. Covered parking would be included in the area to allow access for those coming from farther away.







Cap Remediations and Interventions:

Contaminated area capped another 2', any soil rounded up and moved to contained raised planters with benches around edge. Plants would consist of types beneficial to phytoremediation in soil areas (sunflower, mustard, etc) and grasses/cliff plants for cliff 'face'.

Floating wetlands between the deepwater docks and the 'cliff faces' to provide habitat for fish. Natural pool near tunnel where CSO (remediated) was. Turns into skating rink in winter.

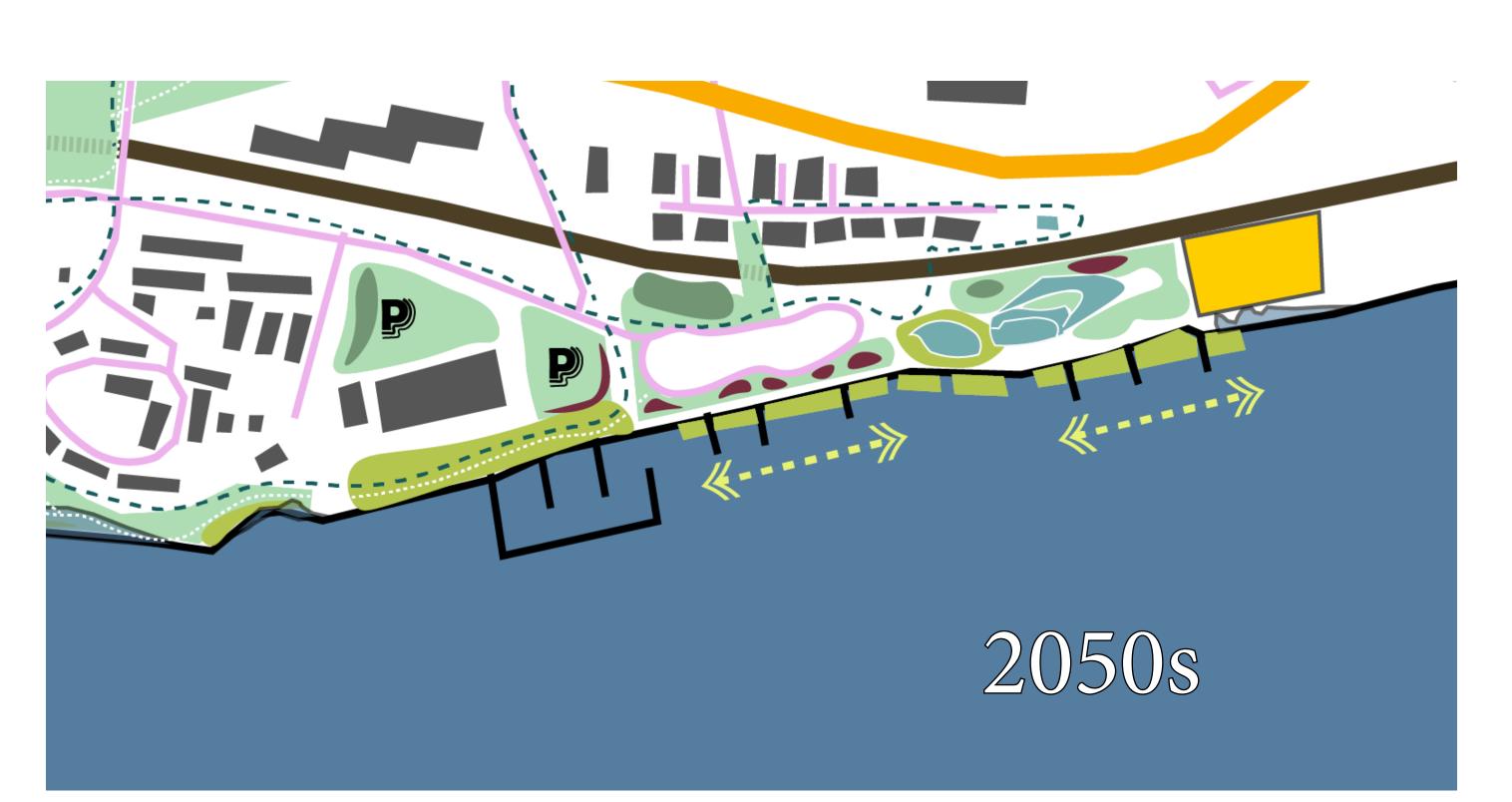
Modular market stalls that can be moved as needed for seasonal use.

Overpass connecting 'gated' community to area.

Dance plaza in area closest to the entrance with seating around made of recycled concrete.

Recycled concrete pieces stacked and secured with coco coir to allow for vegetation to attach Interior space – gallery, residential







Delaval Plaza and Deepwater Docks

